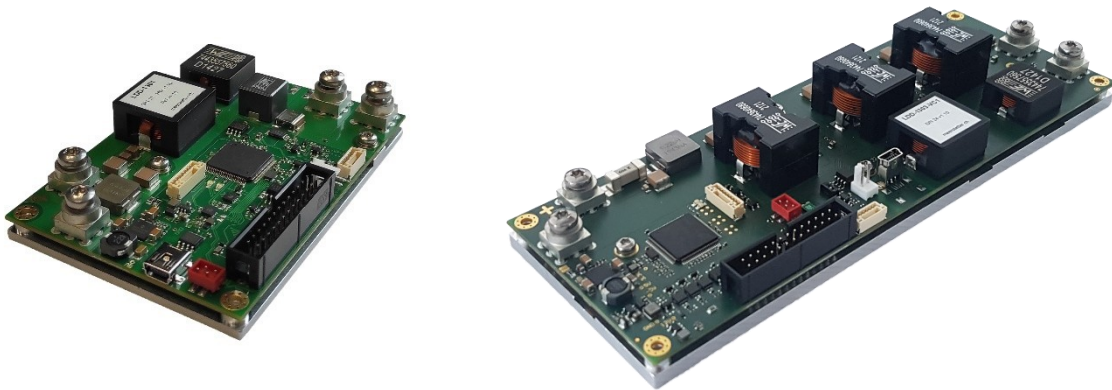


Communication Protocol – LDD-130x



LDD-130x:

LDD-1301
LDD-1303

**meerstetter
engineering** 

 Member of Berndorf Group



Developed, assembled, and tested in Switzerland

Index

1	General Description.....	4
1.1	Protocol Specifications	4
1.2	Addressing	4
1.3	Connecting Service Software	5
1.4	Interfaces, Baud Rate.....	6
1.5	Flash Parameters (non-volatile) / RAM Parameters (volatile)	7
2	LDD-130x Commands.....	8
2.1	Set Commands.....	8
2.2	Query Commands	8
3	Service Software Parameters	9
3.1	Payload Format Description	9
3.2	Parameter List.....	9
4	Bootloader.....	26
4.1	Bootloader Control (BC?)	27
4.2	Bootloader Stream (BS?).....	27
5	Example Communication Strings.....	29
6	CANopen.....	30
6.1	Feature Details	30
A	Change History.....	32

Meerstetter Engineering GmbH

Schulhausgasse 12

CH-3113 Rubigen

Switzerland

Phone: +41 31 529 21 00

Email: contact@meerstetter.ch

Meerstetter Engineering GmbH (ME) reserves the right to make changes without further notice to the product described herein. Information furnished by ME is believed to be accurate and reliable. However typical parameters can vary depending on the application and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters must be validated by the customer under actual application conditions.

Document 5260H

Release date: 3 March 2025

1 General Description

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact us.

This document mainly describes the proprietary Me Com Protocol. This device also supports CANopen. Please use the EDS file for the CANopen Indexes. Details about each parameter can be found in this document and in the User Manual.

1.1 Protocol Specifications

- General serial interface specifications: 8 data bits; no parity; 1 stop bit; no handshaking.
- The communication protocol used is based on the “MeCom Protocol Specification 5117D” document.
- Our demo applications and APIs can help you implement this specification. Please also check the example communication strings at the end of this document.
 - The **MeComAPI** (with demo application) shows the full implementation of this protocol for C and C++ applications. Tested on Windows, Linux, and microcontrollers.
 - The **MeComAPI for .Net** (with demo application) is a C# based library that enables communication over RS232/RS485, direct FTDI driver access or Ethernet.

1.2 Addressing

The package format contains an address field, to address up to 254 devices on the same bus. The device reacts in the following cases:

- The device receives a package that matches to the user configurable device address.
 - The device address can be configured and is nonvolatile.
 - An offset can be added to the configured address by using the GPIO pins. This allows the user to have the same configuration on more than one device on a bus. The individual address is then set by hardware-bridged pins on the GPIO pins.
- The device receives a package with the address 0 (broadcast).
- The device receives a package with the address 255. Similar to 0, but the device does not send an answer back to the host. This can for example be used to change the serial speed on all devices connected to the bus.

1.3 Connecting Service Software

- By default, the Service Software always sends to each FTDI USB interface the “?IF” command with 57600 Baud and checks if it gets the correct answer.
- If an answer has been received, then it checks the firmware version.
- If the firmware version matches, then it uses the CS (Change Speed) command to temporarily change the speed from 57600 to 1M Baud. Please have a look at the 2 tables on the next page.
- Using the factory default settings, it is possible to connect the Service Software on each interface (USB, RS232 TTL, RS485).
- If the Base Baud Rate has been changed to a different value, it is possible to change the Service Software behavior by passing some additional startup parameters. It is recommended to create a shortcut to the .exe file and then modify the shortcut parameters. Startup parameters:
 - Service_LDD-130x.exe /LoSpeed 115200
Sets the initial speed to a certain Baud Rate. The default value is 57600
 - Service_LDD-130x.exe /HiSpeed 921600
Sets the high speed value to a certain Baud Rate. The default value is 1000000
 - Service_LDD-130x.exe /Speed 115200:
Changes both the LoSpeed and the HiSpeed to a certain Baud Rate.
 - Service_LDD-130x.exe /IP 192.168.1.191 /DevAddr 3
Sets the Mode to Ethernet and uses the given IP Address and Device Address to connect.
- To use RS485 we recommend the following interface cable:
<http://www.ftdichip.com/Products/Cables/USBRS485.htm>
- To use RS232 TTL we recommend the 3.3V versions of the following interface cable:
<http://www.ftdichip.com/Products/Cables/USBTTLSerial.htm>

1.4 Interfaces, Baud Rate

The following table shows the available interfaces for the different products. All interfaces support the same commands. It is also possible to use several interfaces simultaneously, for example one interface to connect the Service Software and a second one to connect a custom application.

	LDD-1301, LDD-1303
Interface 1	USB UART MODE 3
Interface 2	RS485 UART MODE 2
Interface 3	RS232 UART MODE 2

UART MODEs

	Primary Base Baud Rate	Secondary Baud Rate	Description
UART MODE 1	Fixed to 57600	None	Fixed to 57600, but can temporarily be changed with the CS command to a different value. Falls back to 57600 if no data has been received for more than 5s. Is always compatible with the Service Software.
UART MODE 2	Configurable	None	Configurable Primary Base Baud Rate, but can temporarily be changed with the CS command to a different value. Falls back to Primary Base Baud Rate if no data has been received for more than 5s. Is only compatible with the Service Software when the Primary Base Baud Rate is set to 57600 or Startup Parameters are used.
UART MODE 3	Configurable	57600	Configurable Primary Base Baud Rate, but can temporarily be changed with the CS command to a different value. Falls back to Primary Base Baud Rate if no data has been received for more than 5s. A secondary UART is always listening on this interface with 57600 and therefore it is always compatible with the Service Software.

1.5 Flash Parameters (non-volatile) / RAM Parameters (volatile)

This device does not save any parameters automatically to the flash (nonvolatile memory). If the parameters should be saved to the nonvolatile memory, then send the “Save Parameter to Flash” command. This command is described in the Document “MeCom Protocol Specification 5117”.

For compatibility with older host applications, there can be some RAM parameters available. These parameters are never be saved to flash. We do not recommend using the parameters anymore.

The Service Software automatically sends the save command after clicking “Write Config”.

The flash can only be re written about 100'000 times. Therefore, we recommend not sending the “Save Parameter to Flash” command periodically to the device but only as needed by the application.

2 LDD-130x Commands

2.1 Set Commands

Here only the device-specific commands are listed. The standard commands are specified in the document 5117.

Command	Mnemonic	Arguments			Description
		Type	Min	Max	
Emergency Stop	ES	-	-	-	Disables all Power Outputs immediately and generates Error 11.
Change Speed	CS	INT32	4800	1M	Changes the speed of the communication interface where this command was received. If no communication is detected on the interface for more than 5s, the speed is changed back to the Base Baud Rate. The address is ignored when detecting communication on the interface, just a valid package frame is necessary.

2.2 Query Commands

Here only the device-specific commands are listed. The standard commands are specified in the document 5117.

The firmware identification string of LDD-130x devices is: "8144-LDD-130X G1 " (20 Chars).

Request	Mnemonic	Description	Server Response	
			Type	Description
Bootloader Control	?BC	Control the bootloader	UINT32	See 4 Bootloader for details
Bootloader Stream	?BS	Bootloader data stream		See 4 Bootloader for details
Settings Download	?SD	Can be used to download the exported Settings Dump (*.mepar) of the Service Software.		
		One line of the settings dump File (*.mepar)	UINT4	0: Parameter accepted 1: CRC incorrect. Possible causes: The *.mepar file has been modified The firmware version is not exactly the same as it was while the *.mepar file has been created The *.mepar file was created for another device.

3 Service Software Parameters

3.1 Payload Format Description

The parameter instance is used to control multiple instances of the same feature, if available on a device. If a feature is present only once, it will be controlled through instance 1. For example, the LDD-130x devices have a single current driver channel, so e.g. the target current only has one instance.

See document 5117 for more information about the MeCom protocol.

3.2 Parameter List

3.2.1 Common Product Parameters

3.2.1.1 Device Identification and Common Parameters

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
100	Device Type	INT32		E.g. 1303 → LDD-1303
101	Hardware Version	INT32		E.g. 123 → 1.23
102	Serial Number	INT32		
103	Firmware Version	INT32		E.g. 123 → 1.23
104	Device Status	INT32		0: Init 1: Ready 2: Run 3: Error 4: Bootloader 5: Device will reset within next 200ms
105	Error Number	INT32		
106	Error Instance	INT32		
107	Error Parameter	INT32		
109	Parameter System: Flash Status	INT32		0: All Parameters are saved to Flash 1: Save to flash pending or in progress (please do not power off the device during this process).
110	Error Text	LATIN1		Use the ?VB command to query the error text.
111	Device Reset	INT32	0 ... 1	Write 1 to this parameter, to trigger a reset.
112	Firmware Version	FLOAT32		Same as parameter 103, but as float. Round it to two decimal places.

Hint: Parameter 100-999 are read-only.

3.2.2 Tab: Monitor (read-only)

3.2.2.1 Output Stage Monitoring

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
1100	Actual Output Current	FLOAT32	A	
1101	Actual Output Voltage	FLOAT32	V	

3.2.2.2 External Temperature Measurement x

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
1200	Temperature	FLOAT32	°C	
1201	Resistance	FLOAT32	Ω	
1202	Raw ADC Value	FLOAT32		

3.2.2.3 Power Stage Phase Monitoring

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
1300	Phase Current x	FLOAT32	A	Only used in LDD-1303, always NA or 0 in LDD-1301
1301	Phase Symmetrization Factor x	FLOAT32		Only used in LDD-1303, always NA or 0 in LDD-1301

3.2.2.4 Internal Parameters

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
1402	Nominal Output Current (Ramp)	FLOAT32	A	
1403	Output Level	FLOAT32	%	
1404	Calculated Input Current	FLOAT32	A	
1405	Calculated Output Current	FLOAT32	A	

3.2.2.5 Power Stage Temperature Monitoring

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
1302	Temperature Phase x Buck/Boost	FLOAT32	°C	Only one value used in LDD-1301, other values are NA. All values used in LDD-1303

3.2.2.6 Analog Interfaces

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
1500	Analog Voltage Input	FLOAT32	V	
1501	Photodiode Input	FLOAT32	A	

3.2.2.7 Light Power Monitoring

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
1600	Emitted Light Power	FLOAT32	W	
1601	Output Level	FLOAT32	%	

3.2.2.8 Fan Controller x

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
1210	Relative Cooling Power	FLOAT32	%	
1212	Actual Fan Speed	FLOAT32	rpm	

Not visible in Service Software:

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
1211	Fan Nominal Speed	FLOAT32		
1213	Actual Fan PWM Level	FLOAT32		

3.2.2.9 Firmware and Hardware Versions

ID	Name	Format	Value Range	Description
1051	Firmware Build Number	INT32		
1054	Min Version for Firmware Downgrade	INT32		123 → 1.23

3.2.2.10 Power Supplies and Temperature

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
1060	Device Input Voltage	FLOAT32	V	
1061	12V Internal Supply	FLOAT32	V	
1062	5V Internal Supply	FLOAT32	V	
1063	3.3V Internal Supply	FLOAT32	V	
1064	-5V Internal Supply	FLOAT32	V	
1065	Device Temperature	FLOAT32	°C	

3.2.3 Tab: Operation

3.2.3.1 Input Source Selection

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
2100	Output Enable	INT32		0: OFF 1: ON
2101	Nominal Output Current	INT32		0: Set Current 1: LPC 2: Analog 3: LUT 4: Signal Generator

3.2.3.2 Nominal Output Current Values

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
2102	Set Current	FLOAT32	A	

3.2.3.3 Current Controller Settings

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
2110	PID Kp	FLOAT32	%/A	
2111	PID Ti	FLOAT32	s	
2112	PID Td	FLOAT32	s	
2113	Slope Limit	FLOAT32	A/s	

3.2.3.4 Output Stage Limits

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
2122	Max Nominal Current	FLOAT32	1303: 0 ... 20A	
2123	Min Nominal Current	FLOAT32	1303: 0 ... 20A	
2120	Current Error Threshold	FLOAT32	A	
2121	Voltage Error Threshold	FLOAT32	V	

3.2.3.5 Feedforward

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
10002	Feedforward Enable	INT32	0 ... 1	0: Off 1: On
10003	Feedforward Gain	FLOAT32	%	
10103	Feedforward Slope Limit	FLOAT32	V/s	

3.2.3.6 Feedforward PID

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
10011	Feedforward PID Option	INT32	0 ... 1	0: PID 1: I
10201	Feedforward PID Freeze	INT32	0 ... 2	0: Off 1: On 2: Reset
10100	PID Kp	FLOAT32	1/A	
10101	PID Ti	FLOAT32	s	
10102	PID Td	FLOAT32	s	

3.2.3.7 Communication Device Address

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
2051	Device Address	INT32	0 ... 254	

3.2.3.8 Communication UART Interface Settings

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
2050	Base Baud Rate	INT32	4800 ... 1M	Instance 1 = Interface 1 etc.
2052	Response Delay	INT32	0 μ s ... 1E6 μ s	Instance 1 = Interface 1 etc.

3.2.3.9 Communication Watchdog

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
2060	Timeout	FLOAT32	0; 0.1 ... 60s	0: Disable the watchdog

3.2.3.10 CANopen Interface

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
2070	Node ID	INT32	1 ... 127	
2071	Bit Rate	INT32	10 ... 1000 kbit/s	
2072	CAN1	INT32	0 ... 1	0: CAN1 Disabled 1: CAN1 Enabled

3.2.4 Tab: Light Power Control

3.2.4.1 Nominal Output Power Values

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
3000	Nominal Output Power	INT32		0: Set Power 1: Analog
3001	Set Power	FLOAT32	W	

3.2.4.2 Power Controller Settings

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
3010	PID Kp	FLOAT32	A/W	
3011	PID Ti	FLOAT32	s	
3012	PID Td	FLOAT32	s	
3013	Slope Limit	FLOAT32	W/s	

3.2.4.3 Output Stage Limits

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
3021	Max Nominal Power	FLOAT32	0 ... 1 W	
3022	Min Nominal Power	FLOAT32	0 ... 1 W	

3.2.5 Tab: Lookup Table

3.2.5.1 Lookup Table Settings

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
3201	Loop Enable	INT32	0 ... 1	0: loop disabled 1: loop enabled
3202	Interval	INT32	≥ 1 cycle*	

3.2.5.2 Lookup Table Download (parameter updated by download widget)

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
3200	Lookup Table	Big Data FLOAT32		Limited to 1000 samples

*1 cycle = 22.86 μs

3.2.6 Tab: Signal Generator

3.2.6.1 Signal Generator Settings

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
3300	Wave Function	INT32	0 ... 3	0: Custom 1: Sine 2: Square 3: Triangle
3301	Current High	FLOAT32	A	
3302	Current Low	FLOAT32	A	

3.2.6.2 Waveform Settings

3.2.6.2.1 Custom Waveforms

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
3303	Rise Time	INT32	≥ 0 cycles*	
3304	Fall Time	INT32	≥ 0 cycles*	
3305	High Time	INT32	≥ 0 cycles*	
3306	Low Time	INT32	≥ 0 cycles*	

*1 custom waveform cycle = 22.86 μ s

3.2.6.2.2 Preset Waveforms

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
3307	Signal Period Time	INT32	≥ 1 cycle*	

*1 preset waveform cycle = 91.43 μ s

3.2.7 Tab: External Temperature

3.2.7.1 External Temperature Measurement Settings x

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
5001	Temperature Offset	FLOAT32	$^{\circ}$ C	
5002	Temperature Gain	FLOAT32	$^{\circ}$ C/ $^{\circ}$ C	

3.2.7.2 External Temperature Error Limits x

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
5011	Upper Error Threshold	FLOAT32	$^{\circ}$ C	
5010	Lower Error Threshold	FLOAT32	$^{\circ}$ C	

3.2.7.3 External Temperature Errors Enable x

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
5030	ADC Limit Errors	INT32		0: None 1: Upper Only 2: Lower Only 3: Both
5031	Temperature Limit Errors	INT32		0: None 1: Upper Only 2: Lower Only 3: Both

3.2.7.4 External Temperature Measurement Limits x

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
5040	Lowest Resistance	FLOAT32	Ω	
5041	Highest Resistance	FLOAT32	Ω	
5042	Temperature at Lower Resistance	FLOAT32	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
5043	Temperature at Highest Resistance	FLOAT32	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	

3.2.8 Tab: Analog Interfaces

3.2.8.1 Analog Output

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
7000	Signal Source	INT32		0: Set Value 1: Sync
7001	Set Value	FLOAT32	-0.5V ... 10.5V	
7002	Sync Scaling	FLOAT32	V/A	

3.2.8.2 Photodiode Input

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
7010	LP System Scale	FLOAT32	A/W	

3.2.8.3 Analog Input

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
7012	Current Factor	FLOAT32	A/V	
7013	Power Factor	FLOAT32	W/V	

3.2.9 Tab: Advanced / External Temperature Measurement

3.2.9.1 External Temperature ADC Calibration x

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
5100	Offset	FLOAT32		
5101	Gain	FLOAT32		

3.2.9.2 External NTC Sensor Characteristics x

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
5020	Lower Point: Temperature	FLOAT32		
5021	Lower Point: Resistance	FLOAT32		
5022	Middle Point: Temperature	FLOAT32		
5023	Middle Point: Resistance	FLOAT32		
5024	Upper Point: Temperature	FLOAT32		
5025	Upper Point: Resistance	FLOAT32		

3.2.10Tab: Advanced / LDD Measurement

3.2.10.1 Current Calibration

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
8000	Offset	FLOAT32		
8001	Gain	FLOAT32		

3.2.10.2 Voltage Calibration

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
8002	Offset	FLOAT32		
8003	Gain	FLOAT32		

3.2.11Tab: Advanced / Output Limits

3.2.11.1 Advanced Output Stage Limits

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
2124	Max Nominal Voltage	FLOAT32	0 V ... 1000 V	
2125	Min Nominal Voltage	FLOAT32	0 V ... 1000 V	

3.2.11.2 User Thresholds

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
2126	Fast Current Error Threshold	INT32	0 ... 1	0: OFF 1: ON

3.2.12Tab: Advanced / Analog Interfaces

3.2.12.1 Analog Output DAC Calibration

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
9000	Offset	FLOAT32		
9001	Gain	FLOAT32		

3.2.12.2 Photodiode Input

7011	Photodiode Rs	FLOAT32	Ω	
------	---------------	---------	----------	--

3.2.13Tab: Advanced / GPIO

3.2.13.1 GPIO General / GPIO Configuration (GPIO1 ... GPIO10)

The instance number corresponds to the GPIO number.

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
6100	GPIO Function	INT32		0: No Function 1: Signal Control (see 3.2.19.1) 2: LDD OK (1 when Ready or Running) 3: HW Enable (edge) 4: HW Enable 5: No Function 6: Fan Tacho 7: Toggle HW Enable 8: LDD Run 9: No Function 10: No Function 11: Pump 12: No Function 13: Addr +1 (Device Address) 14: Addr +2 (Device Address) 15: Addr +4 (Device Address) 16: Fan Stop 17: No Function 18: No Function 19: No Function 20: No Function 21: Fix 0 22: Pulse Input
6101	GPIO Level Assignment	INT32		0: Positive 1: Negative
6102	GPIO Hardware Configuration	INT32		0: IN WeakNo 1: IN WeakUp 2: IN WeakDown 3: OUT PushPull 4: OUT OD NoPull 5: OUT OD WeakUp
6103	GPIO Channel	INT32		1: Channel 1 2: Channel 2

3.2.13.2 GPIO Detail / Pump Control x

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
6120	Actual Temperature Source	INT32		0: External 1 1: External 2 2: Device
6121	ON Threshold	FLOAT32	-273 °C ... 1000 °C	
6122	OFF Threshold	FLOAT32	-273 °C ... 1000 °C	

3.2.14Tab: Advanced / Temperature Correction

3.2.14.1 Temperature Correction Settings

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
6110	Source	INT32		0: OFF 1: Ext Temp 1 2: Ext Temp 2
6112	Offset [°C]	FLOAT32	°C	
6111	Gain [A/°C]	FLOAT32	A/°C	

3.2.15Tab: Advanced / Load Characterization

3.2.15.1 Characterization Status

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
53000	Load Characterization Start Command	INT32	0 ... 1	0: Disable 1: Enable
53001	Load Characterization Status	INT32	0 ... 3	0: Ready 1: Success 2: Error 3: Running
53002	Load Characterization Progress	FLOAT32	0 ... 1	

3.2.15.2 Characterization Range

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
10301	Upper End of the Modeling Current	FLOAT32	A	
10300	Lower End of the Modeling Current	FLOAT32	A	

3.2.15.3 Characterization Samples

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
53004	Load Characterization Driver Input Voltage	FLOAT32	V	
53006	Current Samples	FLOAT32	A	
53005	Voltage Samples	FLOAT32	V	

3.2.15.4 Model Selection

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
10006	Load Model	INT32	0 ... 1	0: Linear 1: Non-Linear

3.2.15.5 Linear Model

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
10204	Calculated Voltage Offset	FLOAT32	V	
10205	Calculated Output Resistance	FLOAT32	Ω	
10004	Voltage Offset	FLOAT32	V	
10005	Output Resistance	FLOAT32	Ω	

3.2.15.6 Non-Linear Model

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
10207	Calculated Saturation Current	FLOAT32	A	
10208	Calculated Thermal Voltage	FLOAT32	V	
10212	Calculated Series Resistance	FLOAT32	Ω	
10007	Saturation Current	FLOAT32	A	
10008	Thermal Voltage	FLOAT32	V	
10012	Series Resistance	FLOAT32	Ω	

3.2.16 Tab: Advanced / Fan

3.2.16.1 CHx Fan Control Enable

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
6200	Fan Control Enable	INT32		0: Disabled 1: Enabled

3.2.16.2 CHx Fan Temperature Controller

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
6210	Actual Temperature Source	INT32		0: External 1 1: External 2 2: Device
6211	Target Temperature	FLOAT32	-273 °C ... 1000 °C	
6212	Kp	FLOAT32	0 %/°C ... 10000 %/°C	Temperature Controller
6213	Ti	FLOAT32	100 us ... 10000 s	Temperature Controller, 0 s disables the integral term
6214	Td	FLOAT32	0 s ... 10000 s	Temperature Controller

3.2.16.3 CHx Fan Speed Controller

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
6220	0% Speed	FLOAT32	0 ... 100000	Fan speed when no cooling is required
6221	100% Speed	FLOAT32	0 ... 100000	Fan speed when maximum cooling is required
6227	Fan Min Speed Start	FLOAT32	0 ... 100000	Speed above which the fan starts
6228	Fan Min Speed Stop	FLOAT32	0 ... 100000	Speed below which the fan stops
6222	Kp	FLOAT32	0 %/°C ... 10000 %/°C	Speed Controller
6223	Ti	FLOAT32	100 us ... 10000 s	Speed Controller 0 s disables the integral term
6224	Td	FLOAT32	0 s ... 10000 s	Speed Controller
6225	Bypassing Speed Controller	INT32		0: No 1: Yes
6226	Fan Surveillance	INT32		0: Enabled 1: Disabled

3.2.16.4 CHx Fan General Settings

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
6230	Fan PWM Frequency	INT32		0: 25kHz 1: 1kHz

3.2.17 Tab: Advanced / System

3.2.17.1 System Counters

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
1080	Operating time		s	
1081	Operating time running		s	
1082	Total Output Energy		Wh	

3.2.17.2 Error State Auto Reset Delay

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
6310	Delay until Reset	FLOAT32	0 s ... 86400 s	0: No Auto Reset Does not trigger for 20 seconds after a reset to avoid boot loops In case of an interlock error the delay time only starts to elapse once the interlock has been released again

3.2.17.3 Reset Behavior

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
2140	Always off after Reset	INT32		0: Disabled, Output Enable remains unchanged 1: Enabled, Output Enable is turned off after every reset

3.2.18 Tab: Advanced / Feature Licenses

3.2.18.1 Feature Licenses

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
54000	Feature Key Store	LATIN1	0 ... 256 Elements	
54001	Feature Key Status	INT32		0: Empty 1: Valid 2: Wrong structure 3: HMAC fail 4: Header fail 5: Device type wrong 6: Unique ID wrong
54010	LPC Feature Status	INT32		0: Locked 1: Trial 2: Extended Trial 3: Fully Enabled
54011	LPC Feature Trial From Time	INT32		
54012	LPC Feature Trial To Time	INT32		
54015	Feedforward Feature Status	INT32		0: Locked 1: Trial 2: Extended Trial 3: Fully Enabled
54016	Feedforward Feature Trial From Time	INT32		
54017	Feedforward Feature Trial To Time	INT32		

3.2.19 Other Parameters (not displayed in the Service Software)

3.2.19.1 GPIO Signal Control

The following parameters are volatile parameters.

<p>This feature can be used to control the GPIO signals. The pins are addressed by a bit field.</p> <p>Example: To configure GPIO3 / GPIO4 as output pins, and to set GPIO3 to high level and GPIO4 to low level, use the following commands:</p> <p>Set ID 52102 to 4 (sets bit #2 to '1') Set ID 52101 to 12 (sets bits #2 and #3 to '1') Set ID 52100 to 1 (enables the function)</p>	Bit Field Description	
	Bit Number	Output Signal
	0	GPIO1
	⋮	⋮
	10	GPIO2

This command order has been chosen to avoid spikes. After reset, all values are set to 0.

ID	Name	Format	Unit/Range	Description
52100	Enable Function	INT32	0 ... 1	Enable the output signal control function.
52101	Set Output to Push-Pull	INT32	0 ... 1023	If a bit is set to 0, the output signal is at high impedance (set as input). If a bit is set to 1, the output signal is driven.
52102	Set Output States	INT32	0 ... 1023	Set the output states of driven signals.
52103	Read Input States	INT32	0 ... 1023	Read back the (input) states of all signals.

4 Bootloader

- The firmware can be downloaded using all communication interfaces.
- The Bootloader can be controlled with the Control and Stream commands.
- The whole new firmware will be cached and verified onboard, before the old firmware gets erased.
- Do not interrupt the power after the ReBoot command, until the device answers to your queries again. Interrupting the power after the ReBoot command can cause irreversible memory errors.
- Do not worry about communication failures, wrong command sequences or downloading the wrong firmware using this bootloader. Everything is verified, before the bootloader enters the critical process. If the power is not interrupted after the ReBoot command, no irreversible errors are possible.

It's necessary to use the correct command sequence:

1. Activate the bootloader using the **BootloaderActivate** command.
2. Query the status using **NoOperation** and wait until it reports the "activated" status.
3. Clear the update memory using the **ClearMemory** command.
4. Query the status using **NoOperation** and wait until it reports the "memory is cleared" status.
5. Send the whole *.hex* file using the Bootloader Stream command.
6. Query the status using **NoOperation** and wait until it reports the "valid application" status.
7. Start replacing the running application by sending the **ReBoot** command. Attention:
 - a. The device will typically not answer your queries for 10s (it may take longer).
 - b. Do not interrupt the power during this process!
 - c. Constantly send queries (e.g. ?IF) to the device, to see if the new firmware is already running. If the device is answering your queries again, the critical process has ended.
8. Verify if the firmware version is as expected.

4.1 Bootloader Control (BC?)

Type	Mnemonic	Field 1
Query	?BC	UINT32 Bootloader Command

Type	Field 1
Response	UINT32 Bootloader Status or Server Error Code

4.1.1 Bootloader Command

Bit	Value	Description
NoBit	0x00	(No bit set) NoOperation . Can be used to read the Bootloader Status.
0	0x01	BootloaderActivate . Starts enabling the update memory.
1	0x02	ClearMemory . Starts clearing the update memory.
2	0x04	ReBoot . Starts replacing the running application. Will only be accepted if the Bootloader Status reports "Valid Application".

4.1.2 Bootloader Status

Bit	Value	Description
0	0x0001	Bootloader is activated.
1	0x0002	Memory is cleared.
2	0x0004	Valid application. There is a valid application in the update memory.
3	0x0008	Bootloader error. This flag will always be set if an error occurs. See additional flags below (FW >= v5.00).
4	0x0010	Error: CRC error detected in the downloaded file.
5	0x0020	Error: the firmware identification string does not match. The downloaded firmware is not intended for this device.
6	0x0040	Error: this firmware is not made for this firmware branch.
7	0x0080	Error: the firmware is too old for this device.
8	0x0100	Error: AES decryption failure. The code was encrypted with a different key.
9	0x0200	Error: this firmware is too new for the currently installed firmware version. Please check the Software Release Notes. An intermediate firmware might be needed.
10	0x0400	Error: unencrypted firmware file detected. It is not possible to install this firmware anymore. Please contact the manufacturer.
11	0x0800	Error: firmware update limit reached. The downloaded file contains a firmware that is too old for the device.
12	0x1000	Error: firmware update limit reached. The downloaded file contains a firmware that is too new for the device.

4.2 Bootloader Stream (BS?)

Type	Mnemonic	Field 1	Field 2
Query	?BS	UINT32 Length in bytes of field 2	Data Stream Part of the Hex File

Type	Field 1
Response	UINT32 Bootloader Status or Server Error Code

4.2.1 Data Stream

The Data Stream command is used to send the hex file content to the microcontroller.

Add a few hex file lines to the payload field of the communication protocol frame and remove all '\n' and '\r' from the stream (the hex file lines are then only separated by the double dot).

The maximum size of the Payload Field is 512 Bytes.

It is recommended to send 10 hex file lines in one package. This will not exceed the 512 Byte limit.

4.2.2 Bootloader Status

See 4.1.2 Bootloader Status.

5 Example Communication Strings

- The following Example Communication Strings have been captured with the MeComAPI ComLog.txt file.
- It shows the Serial Communication Data as it would appear on a normal Serial Terminal Program. Only the “OUT:” and “IN:” tags have been added by the MeComAPI. The End-of-Frame Byte is not shown, because it is an ASCII <CR> (Carriage Return, 0x0D).
- The Checksum is calculated using the CRC16/XMODEM algorithm over the previous frame data as ASCII String.
- All the Frame data is colored to better understand what is going on:
 - **Control**
 - **Address** (using address 0, the device will always answer independently from its address.)
 - **Sequence Number**
 - **Payload / Other Payload**
 - **Checksum**

Get Firmware Identification String

OUT: #001EF8?IFF1E4
IN: !001EF88144-LDD-130X G1 CED8

→ Result: “8144-LDD-130X G1”

Get Device Type (Using Parameter Value Read)

Parameter ID: 100 (0x0064); Instance 1

OUT: #000F24?VR0064012B1A
IN: !000F2400000517EABE

→ Result: 0x00000517 → 1303

Get Serial Number (Using Parameter Value Read)

Parameter ID: 102 (0x0066); Instance 1

OUT: #0015AC?VR0066018125
IN: !0015AC000000706F2C

→ Result: 0x00000070 → Interpreted as an INT32: decimal value 112

Querying a not available Parameter ID (Using Parameter Value Read)

Parameter ID: 1234 (0x04D2); Instance 1

OUT: #0015AC?VR04D2017BFE
IN: !0015AC+0532DA

→ As a result we get the Server Error Code 0x05 which means that this parameter is not available.

You can use the tool: <http://www.h-schmidt.net/FloatConverter/> for tests involving FLOAT32 parameters.

Usually, microcontrollers support float according to IEEE754 by Hardware or Software FPU.

6 CANopen

Supported Features:

- All mandatory functions of CiA 301
- 1 SDO Server
- EMCY
- Producer Heartbeat
- 16 RPDO and 16 TPDO with dynamic object mapping

General Information:

- The CAN ID and Btrrate can be set using the Service Software and will be saved in the non-volatile memory.
- All the CAN Objects in the Communication Segment are only saved in the volatile memory, so they need to be re-configured after every reset.
- Expect for the “Monitor” Objects, most of the Objects in the “Manufacturer Segment” are saved in the non-volatile memory.
- The device has its own parameter system, which is used to handle all the parameters for the device operation. This parameter system only supports INT32 and FLOAT32 (REAL32) values. Therefore, every parameter in the Manufacturer Segment have always a size of 4 bytes.
- Most of the parameters have only 1 instance, but some have several instances. For example, the External Temperature Measurement. For simplification, all objects in the Manufacturer Segment are always arrays. The subindex 0 is always the “Highest sub-index supported” or in other words, maximal number of instances. Subindex 1 ... n represent the parameter instances 1 ... n.
- The name of the objects in the EDS file are closely linked to the Service Software.

6.1 Feature Details

6.1.1 EMCY

The error reporting only reports a few CANopen stack specific error messages. All other error messages are manufacturer specific.

For manufacturer specific errors the EEC Field shows 0xFF00 + <Meerstetter Specific Error Number>. This number can be found in the User Manual.

Usage of the MEF bytes:

- Byte 0: Instance (Channel): For example, if the External Temperature Sensor on channel 2 has a problem, then this byte is set to 2. Usually, it is 1 for this device.
- Byte 1 ... 4: Additional information for support purpose. Please provide if you contact support.

6.1.2 PDO

- The mapping tables have always 2 Mapping Entries, because the “Manufacturer Segment” Objects have always a size of 4 bytes.
- Some parameters have a very high update rate internally, so be careful, when using TPDOs with should automatically transmit if the value has changed.

6.1.3 Store Parameter

- Only “Save all Parameters” is available.
- Saves the following CANopen parameters from the Communication Segment:
 - 0x1005 – COB-ID SYNC
 - 0x1015 – Inhibit Time Emergency
 - 0x1017 – Producer Heartbeat Time
 - 0x1400 – Receive PDO Communication Parameters
 - 0x1600 – Receive PDO Mapping Parameters
 - 0x1800 – Transmit PDO Communication Parameters
 - 0x1A00 – Transmit PDO Mapping Parameters
- Saves all Manufacturer Segment parameters, except for the Monitor parameters.

6.1.4 Restore Default Parameters

- Only “Restore all Default Parameters” is available.
- Restores only the CANopen Communication Segment parameters to its default value, not the Manufacturer Parameters.

A Change History

Date of change	Version	Changed/ Approved	Change / Reason
20 December 2021	A	RS/HS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First edition
24 February 2022	B	HS/PV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Comments added to phase current, balancing factors, and power stage temperatures because some values are not used in the LDD-1301
15 June 2022	C	CU/RS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Parameter list edited. Parameters for the LPC feature added.
14 September 2022	D	CU/RS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Parameter list edited: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - parameters for the analog input added - additional parameters for the LPC operation added
23 September 2022	E	ML/CU	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Add: CANopen Node Id (2070) and Bit Rate (2071) Parameter • Del: doubled Parameters (check 1xx numbers): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Firmware Version (1050) ○ Hardware Version (1052) ○ Serial Number (1053) ○ Error Number, Inst, Par (1070, 1071, 1072) ○ Driver Status (1080) ○ Flash Status (1081) • Del: Double documented parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Volatile Output Enable (50000) ○ Volatile Nominal Output Current (50001) • Bug: Laser Power Control: Output Stage Limits had wrong IDs. • Bug: Advanced / Temperature Correction: Offset and Gain parameter numbers were wrong. • Add section CANopen • Bug: External NTC Sensor Characteristics. Upper and Lower Point was wrong. • Bug: Analog Input: Photodiode Input unit was mA, but it is A.
14 March 2023		CU/RS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unit of the PID Kp value in the Laser Power Control tab corrected • New monitor parameter added for the LPC output level • Laser Light Value was renamed to Light Power Monitoring and the Emitted Laser Power to Emitted Light Power • The Laser Power Control is called Light Power Control now

Date of change	Version	Changed/ Approved	Change / Reason
25 June 2024	F	SC/RS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Del: Par 108: Disable save to flash • Mod: Par 109: Delete status "Save to flash disabled" • Add: Par 110: Error Text • Add: Par 111: Device Reset • Add: Par 112: Firmware Version as FLOAT32 • Mod: Update GPIO function list • Mod: Extend CANopen chapter • Add: Signal Generator parameters (3300-3307) • Add: Lookup Table parameters (3200-3202) • Add: Fan Control parameters (6200, 6210-6214, 6220-6228, 6230) • Add: Pump Control parameters (6120-6122) • Mod: extended auto reset description • Del: volatile source parameters (50000-50002) • Mod: source selection parameters (2100, 2101, 3000) • Del: diode characteristics parameter 2130 and 2131 • Add: analog input power factor parameter 7013
16 October 2024	G	SC/RS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Del: "static" terminology • Del: GPIO Output Enable option • Fix: communication watchdog range • Fix: GPIO signal control range • Mod: reduced number of GPIO channels to 2 • Add: description about auto reset on interlock error
03 March 2025	H	SC/RS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Add: Feedforward parameters • Add: Advanced Output Limits parameters • Add: Load Characterization parameters • Add: System Counters • Add: Reset behavior • Add: Feature Licenses